



Efficient Subnets for Scalable Onboard AI in Space

Jordan Shipard¹, Arnold Wiliem^{1,2}, Kien Nguyen Thanh¹, Wei Xiang³, Clinton Fookes¹

Introduction



- Artificial Intelligence and computer vision can solve many challenging **Earth Observation** problems, such as flood detection [1] and semantic change segmentation [2].
- Nanosatellites have become the preferred platform, often launched in a **constellation** to allow for greater data capture.
- However, the use of **nanosatellite constellations** introduces several challenges for training AI models.
 - 1) Limited data transfer both between nanosatellites and between a nanosatellite and a ground station.
 - 2) Training data heterogeneity due to nanosatellites observing different geographical regions.
 - 3) Limited onboard compute hardware.
- How do we solve these challenges and enable state of the art computer vision solutions for Earth Observation task in a nanosatellite constellation?

Aims

- Enable the effective and practical use of **AI** models **onboard** nanosatellites in a constellation.
- Use recent advances in **computer vision** and **machine learning** to develop state of the art **Earth Observation** solutions.

Does Interference Exist When Training a Once-For-All Network? Improvement in population (CVPRW, 2022) [4]

.

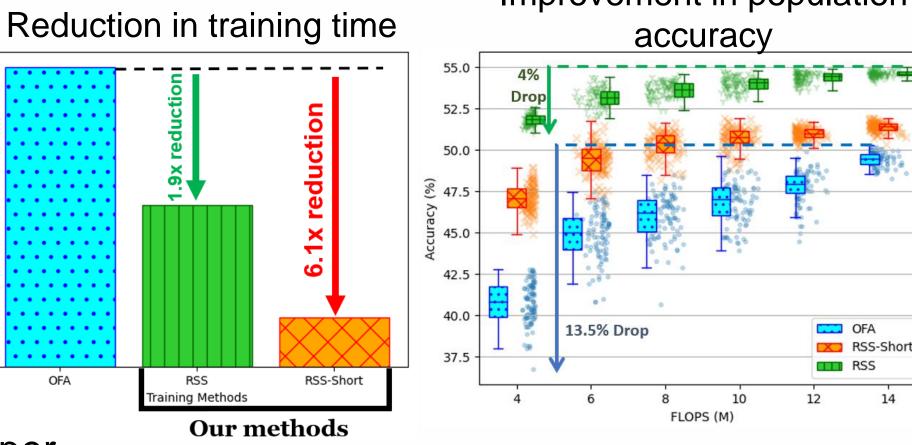
. . . .

.

. . . .

. OFA

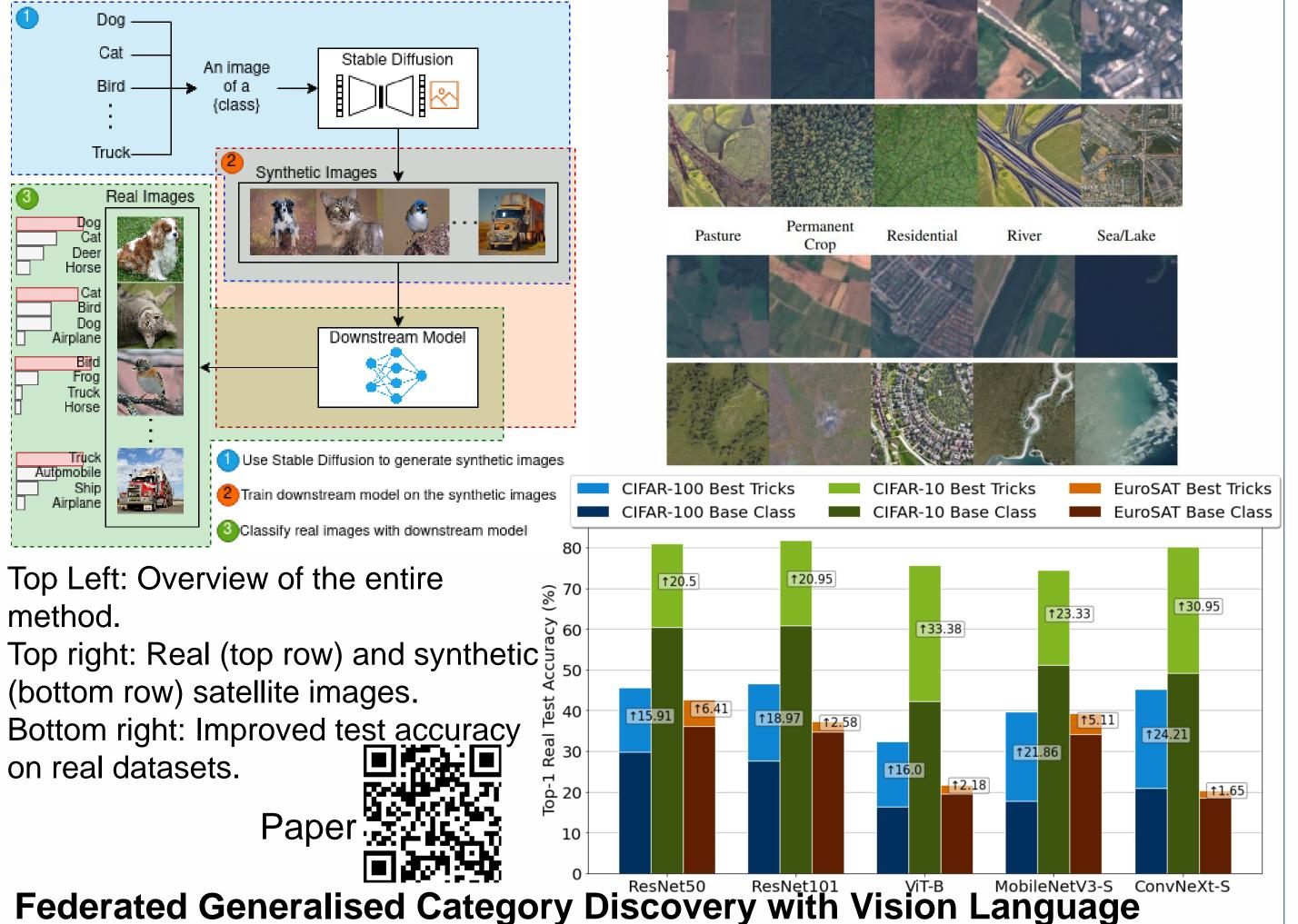
Summary We found a faster, more efficient and better performing method for training a **Once-For-All subnet** population 'aper

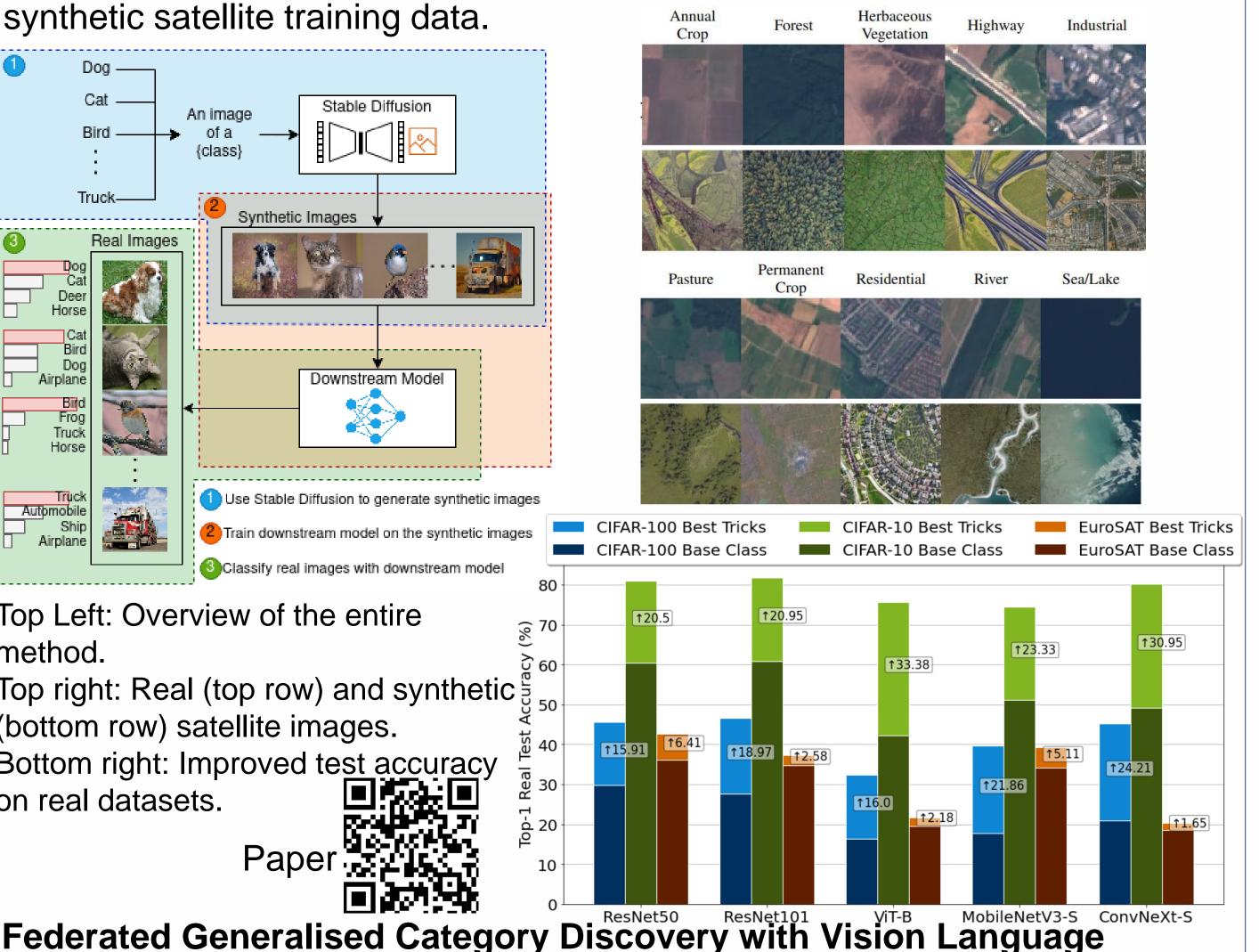


Diversity is Definitely Needed: Improving Model-Agnostic Zero-shot Classification via Stable Diffusion (CVPRW, 2023) [5]

Summary

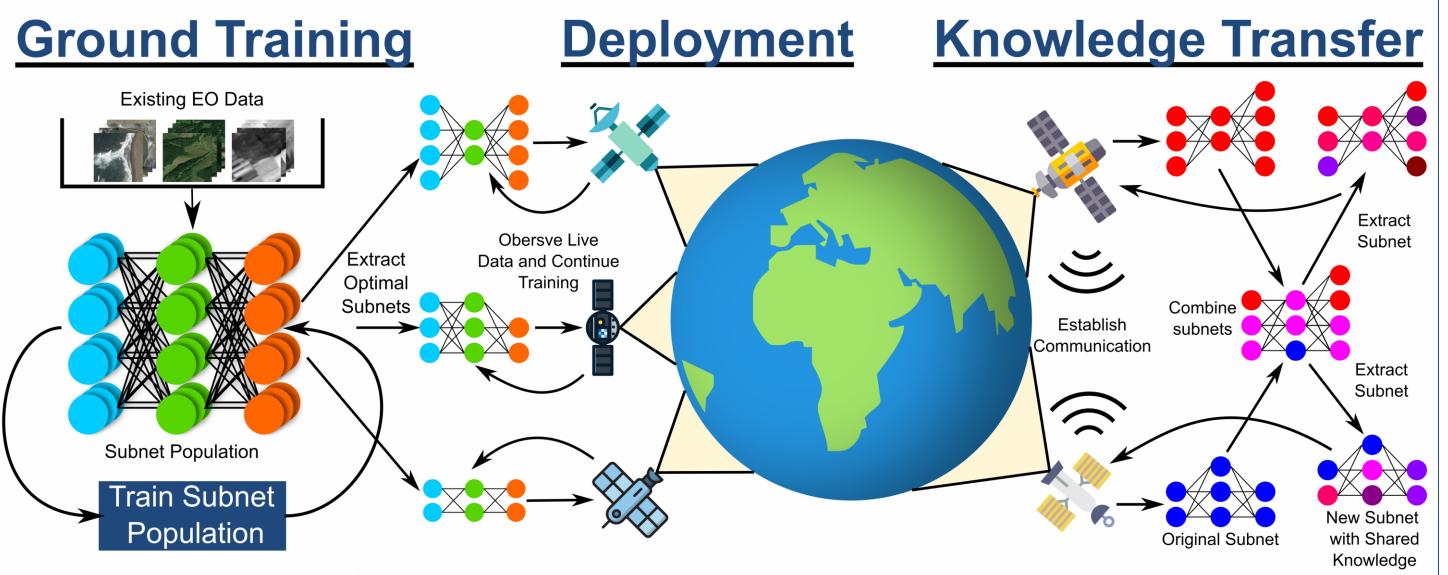
We developed techniques for improving the quality of synthetic images from diffusion models such that they could generate training data for classification tasks with real images. This can be used to generate





Methods

- Our solution consists of three stages: ground training, deployment and knowledge transfer.
- In ground training we pretrain either a single network or subnet population (many networks) with all available and relevant data, limiting the onboard training time.
- In the **deployment** stage we search for and deploy optimal subnets to each nanosatellite.
- Lastly, we use Federated Learning [3] to coordinate the **knowledge** transfer of newly learnt knowledge between the subnets.



A diagram of the proposed solution, demonstrating the ground training, deployment and knowledge transfer.

Models (In progress) Summary

We are currently working on developing a Federated Learning system capable of generalised category discovery from only natural language category

descriptions.

Preliminary results comparing against existing methods

Overview of Generalised Category Discovery Method Known classes	Dataset	GCD[7]	CLIP- GCD _[8]	Fed- GCD _[9]	Ours
"Look for airplanes, beaches and farmland" ("I found these images of what you described and these other groups of images" Discovered classes	CIFAR10	91.5	96.6	84.8	78.1
	CIFAR100	73.0	85.2	56.1	58.5
	ImageNet-100	74.1	84.0	74.8	70.3
	CUB-200	51.3	62.8	55.4	62.2
	Stanford Cars	39.0	-	38.5	26.6
	Herbarium19	35.4	-	-	15.8
	Flowers	-	76.3	-	95.6
	Oxford-Pet	-	-	82.7	79.1

References

[1] R. Hansch et al., "SpaceNet 8 - The Detection of Flooded Roads and Buildings," CVPR, 2022 [2] A. Toker et al., "DynamicEarthNet: Daily Multi-Spectral Satellite Dataset for Semantic Change Segmentation," CVPR 2022

[3] H. McMahan et al. "Communication-Efficient Learning of Deep Networks from Decentralized Data", NIPS 2016 [4] J. Shipard, A. Wiliem, and C. Fookes, "Does Interference Exist When Training a Once-for-All Network?," CVPRW, 2022

[5] J. Shipard et al. "Diversity is Definitely Needed: Improving Model-Agnostic Zero-shot Classification via Stable Diffusion," CVPRW, 2023

[6] Vaze et al. "Generalized Category Discovery", CVPR 2022

[7] Ouldnoughi et al. "CLIP-GCD: Simple Language Guided Generalized Category Discovery" Arxiv preprint, 2023 [8] Pu et al. "Federated Generalized Category Discovery", Arxiv preprint 2023

> ¹Signal Processing, Artificial Intelligence and Vision Technologies (SAIVT) at QUT, ²Sentitent Vision Systems, ³La Trobe University Email: jordan.shipard@hdr.qut.edu.au

